



Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 26-May-2015

Revision Date: 04-Nov-2016

Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Coastal Super Heavy Duty DOT 3 Brake Fluid

Other means of identification Automotive brake fluid
SDS # WUI-029

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Warren Oil Company, LLC
915 E. Jefferson
West Memphis, AR 72301

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 1-800-428-9284
Emergency Telephone (24 hr) CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture **GHS-US/CA Classification**

Eye Dam. 1 H318
STOT RE 2 H373

Full test of hazard classes and H-statements : see Section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA):



GH505

GH508

Signal Word (GHS-US/CA):

Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA):

H318 – Causes serious eye damage.
H373 – May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA):

P260 – Do not breathe vapors, mist or spray.
P280 – Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 – Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P314 – Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P501 – Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Substance**

Not applicable

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%*	GHS Ingredient Classification
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	(CAS No) 143-22-6	15 – 50	Eye Dam. 1, H318
Diethylene glycol	(CAS No) 111-46-6	15 – 25	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether	(CAS No) 112-50-5	10 – 15	Not classified
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	(CAS No) 112-34-5	5 – 15	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Ethanol, 2-(2-propoxyethoxy)-	(CAS No) 6881-94-3	2 – 5	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

Full text of H-phrases: see Section 16.

*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**Description of First-aid Measures****General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).**Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.**Eye Contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush eye with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.**Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed****General:** Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.**Inhalation:** Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.**Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.**Eye Contact:** Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.**Ingestion:** Acute exposure of humans to ethylene glycol by ingesting large quantities causes three stages of health effects. CNS depression, including such symptoms as vomiting, drowsiness, coma, respiratory failure, convulsions, metabolic changes, and gastrointestinal upset are followed by cardiopulmonary effects and later renal damage. Ingestion may cause adverse effects.**Chronic Symptoms:** May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).**Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Extinguishing Media****Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive. Container may explode in heat or fire.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Smoke. Irritating fumes.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General measures: Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle in accordance with standard industrial practices, and ensure appropriate ventilation. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, clothing. Do not release into the environment.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s)

Automotive brake fluid.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in Section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)		
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known, wear approved respiratory protection.

Other information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Amber
Odor:	Etheric
Odor Threshold:	Not available
pH:	10.5
Evaporation Rate:	Not available
Melting Point:	Not available
Freezing Point:	Not available
Boiling Point:	205 °C (401°F)
Flash Point:	203 °C (397.4 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature:	Not available

Decomposition Temperature:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit:	Not available
Vapor Pressure:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C:	Not available
Relative Density:	Not available
Specific Gravity:	Not available
Solubility:	Not available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/ Water	Not available
Viscosity:	< 1500 cSt
VOC content:	None

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Condition to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects – Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral):	Not classified.	
Acute Toxicity (Dermal):	Not classified.	
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation):	Not classified.	
LD50 and LC50 Data:	Not available.	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation:	Not classified.	pH: 10.5
Eye Damage/Irritation:	Causes serious eye damage.	pH: 10.5
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:	Not classified.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity:	Not classified.	
Carcinogenicity:	Not classified.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposures):	May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Reproductive Toxicity:	Not classified.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure):	Not classified.	
Aspiration Hazard:	Not classified.	
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:	Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.	
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:	Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.	
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:	Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.	
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:	Acute exposure of humans to ethylene glycol by ingesting large quantities causes three stages of health effects. CNS depression, including such symptoms as vomiting, drowsiness, coma, respiratory failure, convulsions, metabolic changes, and gastrointestinal upset are followed by cardiopulmonary effects and later renal damage. Ingestion may cause adverse effects.	
Chronic Symptoms:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	

Information on Toxicological Effects – Ingredient(s)**LD50 and LC50 Data:**

Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether (143-22-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	5300 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether (112-50-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	7750 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1120 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	11890 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	5660 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	2700 mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Toxicity****Ecology – General:** Not classified.

Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether (143-22-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	2400 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h – Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h – Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	2400 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h – Species: Pimephales promelas)
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	75200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h – Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	84000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h – Species: Daphnia magna)
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
LC Fish 1	1300 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h – Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h – Species: Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability

DOT 3 Brake Fluid	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established

Bioaccumulative Potential

DOT 3 Brake Fluid	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether (143-22-6)	
BCF Fish 1	(No significant bioaccumulation)
Log Pow	0.51 at 25 °C (77 °F)
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
BCF Fish 1	100 – 180
Log Pow	-1.98 at 25 °C (77 °F)
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
BCF Fish 1	(No bioconcentration expected)

Mobility in Soil: Not available.**Other Adverse Effects****Other Information:** Avoid release to the environment.**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste treatment methods****Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.**Additional Information:** Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.**Ecology – Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In Accordance with DOT	Not regulated for transport
In Accordance with IMDG	Not regulated for transport
In Accordance with IATA	Not regulated for transport
In Accordance with TDG	Not regulated for transport

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

DOT 3 Brake Fluid	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether (143-22-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether (112-50-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Ethanol, 2-(2-propoxyethoxy)-(6881-94-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory	

US State Regulations

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)
U.S. – Pennsylvania – RTK (right to Know) List

Canadian Regulations

Triethylene glycol monobutyl ether (143-22-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether (112-50-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Ethanol, 2-(2-propoxyethoxy)-(6881-94-3)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date:	26-May-2015
Revision Date:	04-Nov-2016
Revision Note:	Updated Safety Data Sheet

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

NFPA Health Hazard: 3 – Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA Fire Hazard: 1 – Must be preheated before ignition can occur

NFPA Reactivity: 0 – Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating Health: 3 – Serious Hazard – Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given.

Flammability: 1 – Slight Hazard

Physical: 0 – Minimal Hazard

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet